11.9.6 The strict equality comparison algorithm

The comparison x === y, where x and y are values, produces **true** or **false**. Such a comparison is performed as follows:

- 1. If Type(x) is different from Type(y), return false.
- 2. If Type(x) is Undefined, return **true**.
- 3. If Type(x) is Null, return **true**.
- 4. If Type(x) is not Number, go to step 911.
- 5. If x is NaN, return false.
- 6. If y is NaN, return false.
- 7. If x is the same number value as y, return true.
- 8. If x is +0 and y is -0, return true.
- 9. If x is -0 and y is +0, return true.
- 10. Return false.
- 11. If Type(x) is String, then return true if x and y are exactly the same sequence of characters (same length and same characters in corresponding positions). Otherwise, return false.
- 12. If Type(x) is Boolean, return true if x and y are both true or both false. Otherwise, return false.
- 13. Return true if x and y refer to the same object. Otherwise, return false.
- 14. Return false.