

# Ecma TC39

## November 18, 2014

ES6 Editor's Status and Issues

Allen Wirfs-Brock

# Rev28 Draft

- Modules
  - Removed loader pipeline and Reflect.Loader API (functionality being transferred to separate specification)
  - Stream-lined module linking semantics for declarative modules.
  - Removed Module declaration
  - Update Import declaration to include module imports.
  - Updated default export syntax and semantics to support export of anonymous default functions
  - Added Module Environment Records and indirect (import) bindings
  - Added Module evaluation jobs
  - Added Host hooks for module name normalization and source access.
- In Rev29, name normalization fixed to support relative naming

# Rev28 Draft

- Interim Subclass Instantiation Reform
  - Changed ordinary object creation to dispatch object allocation through `[[CreateAction]]` internal slot instead of `@@create` method.
  - Converted all `@@create` methods into `CreateAction` abstract operations.
  - Eliminated `Symbol.create` and `@@create`.
  - `super` without an immediately following property specifier is now illegal in all `MethodDefinition` (no more implicit `super` using current method name)
  - `super` in a constructor call expression references the constructor's `[[Prototype]]`
  - `Function.prototype.toMethod` no longer takes an optional name argument

# Rev28 Draft

- Finished up ES6 eval function semantics
- Eliminated unused abstract operations, PromiseAll, PromiseCatch, PromiseThen
- Modified Promise.all so specification internally uses a List instead of an Array to accumulate result promises
- Added @@iterator property to %IteratorPrototype%
- Added requirement that the object returned by ordinary object [[Enumerate]] must inherit from %IteratorPrototype%
- Removed own @@iterator properties from various standard iterators, they now inherit it from %IteratorPrototype%
- Updated ToPropertyKey to accept Symbol wrapper objects, similar to how other primitive coercion abstract operations handle wrapper objects
- ToNumber now recognizes binary and octal string numeric values.
- Significant fix to destructuring assignment where the rest assignment target is itself a destructuring pattern
- Updated Annex A Grammars to match ES6

# End Game Planning

- Needed:
  - One paragraph summary of ES6 goals for Introduction
  - Clause 4 – Language Overview. Needs to be updated to reflect ES6 features
- Readers, Readers, Readers ...
- Ecma-402 Edition 2, review.
- How will we resolve last minute issues?

# Assignment to a const: Static Error?

- <https://esdiscuss.org/topic/throwing-errors-on-mutating-immutable-bindings>  
[https://bugs.ecmascript.org/show\\_bug.cgi?id=3253](https://bugs.ecmascript.org/show_bug.cgi?id=3253)

```
const x = 42;  
x=32; //early error???
```

- es-discuss consensus: eliminate early error
- However, current spec. draft (legacy) ES5 semantics only throws on assignment to an immutable binding in strict mode:

```
“don’t use strict”;  
Object.defineProperty(this, ‘globalReadOnly’, {value: ‘readonly’});  
var func = function f() {  
  f = undefined; //silently skips assignment  
  undefined = 42; //silently skips assignment  
  Infinity = 0; //silently skips assignment  
  globalReadOnly = 0; //silently skips assignment  
};  
func(); //no exception thrown
```

- Should assignment to const also be silent in non-strict mode? Exception will require some new spec. mechanisms.

# MooTools conflict with String.prototype.contains

- <https://esdiscuss.org/topic/having-a-non-enumerable-array-prototype-contains-may-not-be-web-compatible>
- [https://bugzilla.mozilla.org/show\\_bug.cgi?id=1075059](https://bugzilla.mozilla.org/show_bug.cgi?id=1075059)
- Options:
  - Leave as is, break some web sites
  - Remove ‘contains’ method
  - Rename ‘contains to something else. What?
  - Rename to “includes”
- Also, Outlook web client issue with Array.prototype.values
  - <https://esdiscuss.org/topic/array-prototype-values-is-not-web-compat-even-with-unscopables>

How should be deal with similar issues as we approach ES6 ship date??

# Global let shadowing of non-configurable global properties

- <https://esdiscuss.org/topic/late-shadowing-of-globals-esp-undefined>  
[https://bugs.ecmascript.org/show\\_bug.cgi?id=3301](https://bugs.ecmascript.org/show_bug.cgi?id=3301)
- For example: `let undefined = 666`
- Issues
  - When are/aren't global lets allowed to shadow an already existing property of a global object
  - Are built-in globals equivalent to global vars or are they just properties of global object
  - Make it illegal to shadow a global property would mean future global properties are breaking changes
- Proposal: Runtime error when instantiating a script if a lexical declaration shadows a non-configurable own property of global object



# Zepto broken by new this.constructor pattern in some Array methods

- [https://bugs.ecmascript.org/show\\_bug.cgi?id=3256](https://bugs.ecmascript.org/show_bug.cgi?id=3256)
- Intended to produce same subclass as original this value.
- But Zepto does:

```
var obj = [1,2,3];  
obj.__proto__ = { slice: Array.prototype.slice };  
var res = obj.slice(2);  
Array.isArray(res); // true in ES5, false in ES6.
```
- **this.constructor is Object!**

# Spec. text that cause Zepto problem

4. If  $O$  is an exotic Array object, then
  - a. Let  $C$  be  $\text{Get}(O, \text{"constructor"})$ .
  - b.  $\text{ReturnIfAbrupt}(C)$ .
  - c. If  $\text{IsConstructor}(C)$  is **true**, then
    - i. Let  $\text{thisRealm}$  be the running execution context's Realm.
    - ii. If  $\text{SameValue}(\text{thisRealm}, \text{GetFunctionRealm}(C))$  is **true**, then
      1. Let  $A$  be the result of calling the  $[[\text{Construct}]]$  internal method of  $C$  with argument  $(0)$ .
5. If  $A$  is **undefined**, then
  - a. Let  $A$  be  $\text{ArrayCreate}(0)$ .

# Zepto Proposed Fix

4. Let  $C$  be  $\text{Get}(O, \text{"constructor"})$ .
5.  $\text{ReturnIfAbrupt}(C)$
6. If  $\text{IsConstructor}(C)$  is **true**, then
  - a. Let  $\text{thisRealm}$  be the running execution context's Realm.
  - b. If  $\text{SameValue}(\text{thisRealm}, \text{GetFunctionRealm}(C))$  is **true**, then
    - i. Let  $\text{species}$  be  $\text{Get}(C, @@\text{species})$ ;
    - ii.  $\text{ReturnIfAbrupt}(\text{species})$
    - iii. If  $\text{IsConstructor}(\text{species})$  is **true**, then
      1. Let  $A$  be the result of calling the  $[[\text{Construct}]]$  internal method of  $\text{species}$  with argument  $(0)$ .
7. If  $A$  is **undefined**, then let  $A$  be  $\text{ArrayCreate}(0)$ .

$@@\text{species} \rightarrow @@\text{copyConstructor} \text{ ??}$

# Template String call site caching and eval

- [https://bugs.ecmascript.org/show\\_bug.cgi?id=3305](https://bugs.ecmascript.org/show_bug.cgi?id=3305)  
<https://mail.mozilla.org/pipermail/es-discuss/2014-July/038343.html>

```
let world = "world";  
let t = "tag`hello, ${world}`";  
eval(t);  
eval(t);  
new Function(t)();  
new Function(t)();  
tag`hello, ${world}`;
```

- How many call sites? 5, 3, 2, or 1?
- Meeting decision: 1

# Array.isArray

```
Array[Symbol.isArray] = true;
Array.isArray = function (obj) {
  let constructor = obj.constructor;
  If (typeof constructor !== 'function') return false;
  let isArrayC =
    Object.getOwnPropertyDescriptor(constructor, "isArray");
  if (isArrayC) {
    If (isOrdinary(obj) return false;
    //if (isProxy(obj)) return isArrayC.value(proxyTarget(obj));
  };
  return !!constructor[Symbol.isArray];
}
```

# Also

- Change `Array.prototype.concat` to do the new `Array.isArray` test instead of using `@@isConcatSpreadable`
  - If `Array.isArray(obj)` is true, `concat` will flatten the object
- Change `JSON.stringify` to `Array.isArray` test where it currently checks for an exotic array object.
  - If `Array.isArray(obj)` is true, `stringify obj` will use `[ ]` notation
- Give `%TypedArray%` a true valued `@@isArray` property
  - `Array.isArray(new Int32Array(10))` will be true
  - Verify that it doesn't break anything