Standard
ECMA-362
1st Edition / December 2004

NFCIP-1 - Protocol Test Methods
Brief history

In 2002, Ecma International formed Task Group 19 of Technical Committee 32 to specify Near Field Communication (NFC) signal interfaces and protocols. The NFC devices are wireless closely coupled devices communicating at 13.56 MHz.


This Ecma standard specifies protocol tests for ECMA-340 and complements ECMA-356, which specifies the RF interface tests for ECMA-340.

This Ecma Standard has been adopted by the General Assembly of December 2004.
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1 Scope

This Ecma Standard specifies protocol test methods for ECMA-340 in addition to those specified in ECMA-356.

2 Conformance

In addition to conforming to ECMA-356, implementations of ECMA-340 shall pass all normative tests and requirements specified herein; test results shall be recorded using Annex A and Annex B of this Ecma Standard.

3 References

The following are normative references for the purpose of this Standard:

- ECMA-340 Near Field Communication - Interface and Protocol (NFCIP-1)
- ECMA-356 NFCIP-1 - RF Interface Test Methods
- ISO/IEC 10373-6 Identification cards -- Test methods -- Part 6: Proximity cards

4 Notational conventions

4.1 Representation of numbers

The following conventions and notations apply in this document unless otherwise stated.

- Letters and digits in parentheses represent numbers in hexadecimal notation.
- The setting of bits is denoted by ZERO or ONE.
- Numbers in binary notation and bit patterns are represented by strings of digits 0 and 1 shown with the most significant bit to the left. Within such strings, X may be used to indicate that the setting of a bit is not specified within the string.

4.2 Names

The names of basic elements, e.g. specific fields, are written with a capital initial letter.

4.3 Test report

The test report includes the number of passed tests versus the total number of tests, the number of different samples and the date of the tests, see Annexes A and B.

5 Definitions

5.1 Activation in Active communication Mode

Flow to activate the DUT in Active communication Mode as defined in ECMA-340, which includes initialisation and protocol activation.

5.2 Activation in Passive communication Mode

Flow to activate the DUT in Passive communication Mode as defined in ECMA-340, which includes initialisation and protocol activation.

5.3 Active communication Mode

In the Active communication Mode scheme, as defined in ECMA-340, both the Initiator and the Target use their own RF field to enable the communication.
5.4 **Operating volume**
A volume with a field strength of at least $H_{\text{min}}$ and not exceeding $H_{\text{max}}$ generated by a NFC device at manufacturer specified positions.

5.5 **Passive communication Mode**
The Initiator is generating the RF field and the Target responds to an Initiator command in a load modulation scheme as defined in ECMA-340.

5.6 **Single Device Detection (SDD)**
SDD is an algorithm used by the initiator to detect one out of several Targets in its RF field.

5.7 **Scenario**
A scenario is a protocol and application specific sequence test operations. Scenario description tables list all individual test operations.
A horizontal line in a scenario description table indicates that the device shall be reset to initial conditions.

5.8 **Test commands**
Commands defined for dedicated functional behaviour on an implemented system according to ECMA-340. The PDUs that are actually used in these commands shall be recorded in the test report (see Annex A and Annex B).
Definitions valid for all test commands:

$xx$ PNI

The following test commands are specified based on PDUs specified in ECMA-340:

- **A(ACK)$_{xx}$** DEP_REQ or DEP_RES PDU coded as ACK/NACK PDU with ACK/NACK bit set to ZERO and PNI set to $xx$.
- **A(NACK)$_{xx}$** DEP_REQ or DEP_RES PDU coded as ACK/NACK PDU with ACK/NACK bit set to ONE and PNI set to $xx$.
- **S(A)** DEP_REQ or DEP_RES PDU coded as Supervisory PDU (as defined in ECMA-340) with the Timeout bit set to ZERO. No PNI is used for this command.
- **S(TO)** DEP_REQ or DEP_RES PDU coded as Supervisory PDU (as defined in ECMA-340) with the Timeout bit set to ONE. No PNI is used for this command.
- **TEST_COMMAND1$_{xx}$** Default Test command, it is a DEP_REQ frame coded as information PDU with "More Information" bit set to ZERO (no chaining) and the PNI set to $xx$. The Initiator or the target-test-apparatus sends this PDU.
- **TEST_RESPONSE1$_{xx}$** Response to TEST_COMMAND1 (DEP_RES) with the PNI set to $xx$.
- **TEST_COMMAND2$_{xx}$** Test command used for tests of the chaining procedure. This command forces the counterpart (either Initiator or Target) to use chaining in the next DEP_REQ. This command is a DEP_REQ or DEP_RES frame, for an Initiator or Target respectively, with its "More Information" bit set to ZERO and it uses the same PDU as TEST_COMMAND1, but this PDU has different data.
- **TEST_COMMAND3B$_{xx}$** This command marks the beginning of a DEP_REQ or DEP_RES frame, for an Initiator or Target respectively, with its "More Information" bit set to ONE and the PNI set to $xx$.
- **TEST_COMMAND3n$_{xx}$** This command is sent after TEST_COMMAND3B and before TEST_COMMAND3E. The lower case $n$ represents a number ranging
from 0 to 9. This command has the "More Information" bit set to ONE and the PNI set to xx.

**TEST_COMMAND3E<sub>xx</sub>** This command marks the end of the chaining procedure and is a DEP_REQ or DEP_RES frame, for an Initiator or Target respectively, with the "More Information" bit set to ZERO and the PNI set to xx.

**TEST_RESPONSE3<sub>xx</sub>** is the response to the chaining command. Shall be a DEP_REQ or DEP_RES frame, for an Initiator or Target respectively, with the "More Information" bit set to ZERO and the PNI set to xx.

**TEST_COMMAND4<sub>xx</sub>** Test command used for tests dealing with frame waiting time. The Initiator sends this command and forces the Target to use a Supervisory PDU with the timeout bit set to ONE and the PNI set to xx.

**TEST_RESPONSE4<sub>xx</sub>** is the response to TEST_COMMAND4. It is a DEP_RES with the "More Information" bit set to ZERO and the PNI set to xx. It may be the same as TEST_RESPONSE1.

### 6 Acronyms and abbreviations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATR_REQ</td>
<td>ATtribute Request command as defined in ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATR_RES</td>
<td>Response to the ATR_REQ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRC</td>
<td>Cyclic Redundancy Check as defined in Annex A of ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>~CRC</td>
<td>CRC as defined above with all bits inverted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEP_REQ</td>
<td>Data Exchange Protocol Request as defined in ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEP_RES</td>
<td>Response to the Data Exchange Protocol Request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DID</td>
<td>Device ID as defined in ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSL_REQ</td>
<td>DeSeLect Request command as defined in ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSL_RES</td>
<td>Response to the DSL_REQ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUT</td>
<td>Device Under Test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fc</td>
<td>Frequency of operating field (carrier frequency) as defined in ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hmax</td>
<td>Maximum field strength of the Initiator antenna field as defined in ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hmin</td>
<td>Minimum field strength of the Initiator antenna field as defined in ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HThreshold</td>
<td>Defined in ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ID</td>
<td>Identification number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LT</td>
<td>Lower Tester the Target-emulation part of the Initiator-Test-apparatus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mute</td>
<td>No response within a specified timeout</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PDU</td>
<td>Protocol Data Unit as defined in ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PNI</td>
<td>Package Number Information as defined in ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POL_REQ</td>
<td>POlling Request command as defined in ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POL_RES</td>
<td>Response to the Polling Request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSL_REQ</td>
<td>Parameter SeLect Request command as defined in ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSL_RES</td>
<td>Response to the PSL_REQ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RF</td>
<td>Radio Frequency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFU</td>
<td>Reserved for Future Use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RLS_REQ</td>
<td>ReLease Request command as defined in ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RLS_RES  Response to the RLS_REQ
SDD    Single Device Detection as defined in ECMA-340
Td     The delay between the end of the Request frame and the start of the first time
       slot for SDD at 212 and 424 kbps (equals 512 × 64/fc)
Ts     The period of one time slot (equals 256 × 64/fc)
TCM    Test control message
UT     Upper Tester, the master part of the Initiator-Test-apparatus

7 General description

7.1 Apparatus for Testing

NOTE
The test-apparatus may require information about the implemented protocol and functionality. These
parameters shall be recorded in the test report.

This clause is valid for Initiator and Target tests.

Although this Standard does not define dedicated test circuit for timing measurements and to
check the correctness of the framing, influence of such circuit shall be avoided.

7.1.1 Generating the I/O character timing in reception mode
The target-test-apparatus and the LT shall be able to generate the I/O bit stream according to
ECMA-340. All timing parameters (e.g. start bit length, guard time, bit width, request guard time,
start of frame width, end of frame width) shall be set to any value within the defined ranges of
ECMA-340. The limits shall be tested according ECMA-356.

7.1.2 Measuring and monitoring the RF I/O protocol
The target-test-apparatus and the LT shall be able to measure the timing of the logical low and
high states of the incoming demodulated data.

7.1.3 Test scenario and report
Testing of the DUT as defined in this document and requires a test scenario to be executed.
This test scenario contains a protocol and application specific sequence.

The result of the test scenario shall be documented in a test report as defined in Annexes A and
B.

7.1.4 RFU bits
A test shall fail and the DUT declared non-compliant in case an RFU field is not set to its default
value.

7.1.5 General rules
The following rules apply:
An Initiator (Target test apparatus) always sends a request whereas a Target (LT) sends a
response.

A response must follow a request.

If the PNIs for the TEST_RESPONSEn and TEST_COMMANDn are the same, then
TEST_COMMANDn is correct.

8 Target test methods

8.1 Apparatus for testing the Target (Target-test-apparatus)
The Target-test-apparatus tests the DUT by emulating an Initiator.
The Target-test-apparatus shall execute the initialisation and protocol activation and perform data exchange commands.

### 8.2 List of protocol test methods related to ECMA-340

To test Targets performing initialisation and SDD in Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps the PICC test methods of ISO/IEC 10373-6 must be executed.

To test Targets performing initialisation and SDD in Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps the test methods listed in table 1 must be executed.

#### Table 1 — Activation in Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clause</th>
<th>Test method Name</th>
<th>Corresponding requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clause</td>
<td></td>
<td>Base standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.3.1</td>
<td>Activation time</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.3.2</td>
<td>Frame format</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.3.3</td>
<td>SDD at 212 and 424 kbps</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To test Targets performing initialisation in Active communication Mode the test method in table 2 must be executed.

#### Table 2 — Activation in Active communication Mode

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clause</th>
<th>Test method Name</th>
<th>Corresponding requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clause</td>
<td></td>
<td>Base standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.4.1</td>
<td>RF Collision Avoidance</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To test Targets using the transport protocol the test methods listed in table 3 must be executed.

#### Table 3 — Logical operation of the Transport Protocol

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clause</th>
<th>Test method Name</th>
<th>Corresponding requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clause</td>
<td></td>
<td>Base standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.5.1</td>
<td>Handling of ATR_REQ</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.5.2</td>
<td>Handling of PSL_REQ</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.5.3</td>
<td>Handling of DEP_REQ Information PDUs</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.5.4</td>
<td>Handling of DEP_REQ Information PDUs with the &quot;more information&quot; bit set to ONE</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.5.5</td>
<td>Handling of DEP_REQ supervisory PDUs with timeout bit set to ONE</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.5.6</td>
<td>Handling of DEP_REQ supervisory PDU's with timeout bit set to ZERO</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.5.7</td>
<td>Handling of DSL_REQ</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.5.8</td>
<td>Handling of RLS_REQ</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.3 Activation in Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps

8.3.1 Activation time
The purpose of this test is to verify that the Target responds with to a POL_REQ with a POL_RES within two seconds after power up (see ECMA-340 clause 11.2.2.3).

8.3.1.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to e) for the data rates of 212 and 424 kbps.

a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.

b) Generate an RF-field between the limits $H_{min}$ and $H_{max}$ and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.

c) Send a POL_REQ command frame with TSN is set to 0 at the selected data rate.

d) If there is no POL_RES received after $T_d$ and $T_s$ are passed send the POL_REQ again. Repeat this step until a response from the DUT is received.

e) Measure the timing between RF-on and the beginning of the 1st response of the DUT. If the DUT responds in less than two seconds, the test is PASS otherwise it is FAIL.

8.3.1.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for both data rates.

8.3.2 Frame format
The purpose of this test is to determine the frame formats at 212 and 424 kbps are correct (see ECMA-340 clause 11.2.2.2).

8.3.2.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to d) for the data rates of 212 and 424 kbps.

a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.

b) Generate an RF-field between the limits $H_{min}$ and $H_{max}$ and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.

c) Send the POL_REQ command frame at the selected data rate.

d) Verify the correct framing of the response from the DUT.

8.3.2.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for both data rates and shall include results for the following characteristics:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Characteristic</th>
<th>Expected result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preamble</td>
<td>minimum 48 bits all logical ZEROs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SYNC</td>
<td>1st byte is ‘B2’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2nd byte is ‘4D’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>value of the length byte</td>
<td>‘12’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRC bytes</td>
<td>according to ECMA-340, Annex A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.3.3 SDD at 212 and 424 kbps
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct response to the POL_REQ (see ECMA-340 clause 11.2.2.4).

8.3.3.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to f) for the data rates of 212 and 424 kbps.
a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
b) Generate an RF-field between the limits $H_{\text{min}}$ and $H_{\text{max}}$ and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
c) Send a POL_REQ command frame with TSN is set to 0 at the selected data rate.
d) Record the time between POL_REQ and POL_RES. If the DUT does not respond in the last time slot available repeat step c).
e) Analyse the content of the response.
f) Increase the TSN to the next allowed value and repeat step a) to e) until the maximum TSN value is reached.

8.3.3.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for both data rates and shall include results for the following characteristics:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Characteristic</th>
<th>Expected result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st byte of the payload</td>
<td>'01'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd byte of the payload</td>
<td>'01'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd byte of the payload</td>
<td>'FE'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>time between end of POL_REQ</td>
<td>$T_d + (TSN + 1) * T_s$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and end of POL_RES</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.4 Activation in Active communication Mode

8.4.1 RF Collision Avoidance

The purpose of this test is to determine the behaviour of the DUT in Active communication Mode during RF Collision Avoidance (see ECMA-340 clause 11.1.2).

8.4.1.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to e) for the data rates of 106, 212 and 424 kbps.

a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
b) Generate an RF-field between the limits $H_{\text{min}}$ and $H_{\text{max}}$ and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
c) Send a valid ATR_REQ command frame at the selected data rate and switch off the RF afterwards.
d) Measure the time between RF-off of the Target test-apparatus and RF-on of the DUT.
e) Repeat steps a) to d) until all randomly generated number of time periods are met and count the number of retries necessary.

8.4.1.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Characteristic</th>
<th>Expected result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$T_{\text{ADT}}$</td>
<td>minimum 768/fc, maximum 2559/fc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$T_{\text{RFW}}$</td>
<td>$n$ times 512/fc</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.5 Logical operation of the Target Transport Protocol

8.5.1 Handling of ATR_REQ

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the ATR_REQ of the DUT (see ECMA-340 clause 12.5.1.3.2).

8.5.1.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to e) for the data rates of 106, 212 and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.

b) Generate an RF-field between the limits $H_{\text{min}}$ and $H_{\text{max}}$ and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.

c) Perform activation selected according at the selected data rate and follow the rules for Collision avoidance in Active communication mode.

d) Apply the test scenario T 1.

e) Analyse if the response from the DUT are according to scenario T 1.

---

### Scenario T 1 — ATR_REQ

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target-test-apparatus</th>
<th>DUT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATR_REQ</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATR_REQ</td>
<td>ATR_RES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATR_REQ (~CRC)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATR_REQ</td>
<td>ATR_RES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATR_REQ</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE100</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATR_REQ</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE101</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND101</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

- 8 -
8.5.1.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

8.5.2 Handling of PSL_REQ
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct PSL handling of the DUT (see ECMA-340 clause 12.5.3.3.2).

8.5.2.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to f) for the data rates of 106, 212 and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.

b) Turn on a field between the limits $H_{\text{min}}$ and $H_{\text{max}}$ and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.

c) Perform initialisation and protocol activation in the selected communication mode and data rate.

d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive ATR_RES.

e) Apply the test scenario T 2.

f) Check the response from the DUT is according to scenario T 2.

Scenario T 2 — PSL_REQ

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target-test-apparatus</th>
<th>DUT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PSL_REQ</td>
<td>➔</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>←</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSL_REQ</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>←</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND100</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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PSL_REQ (~CRC)

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<tbody>
<tr>
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</tr>
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Scenario T 2 — PSL_REQ

PSL_REQ

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<tr>
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<td>←</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>←</td>
</tr>
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<td>PSL_REQ</td>
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<tr>
<td>TESTRESPONSE100</td>
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<table>
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<td>←</td>
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<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND100</td>
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<tr>
<td>TESTRESPONSE100</td>
<td>➔</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.5.2.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

8.5.3 Handling of DEP_REQ Information PDUs
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP_REQ information PDU of the DUT (see ECMA-340 clause 12.6.1.3).

8.5.3.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to f) for the data rates of 106, 212 and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
b) Turn on a field between the limits $H_{\text{min}}$ and $H_{\text{max}}$ and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
c) Perform activation in the selected communication mode and data rate.
d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.
e) Execute scenario T 3 followed by scenario T 4.
f) Check if the response and the PNIs from the DUT are according to the scenarios.

Scenario T 3 — DEP_REQ information PDU, correct transaction

<table>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND1\textsubscript{01}</td>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE1\textsubscript{01}</td>
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<td>TEST_COMMAND1\textsubscript{10}</td>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE1\textsubscript{10}</td>
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<td>TEST_COMMAND1\textsubscript{11}</td>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE1\textsubscript{11}</td>
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</table>
8.5.3.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes for both scenarios.

8.5.4 Handling of DEP_REQ Information PDUs with the "more information" bit set to ONE
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP_REQ information PDU with the "more information" bit set to ONE (see ECMA-340 clause 12.6.1.3).

8.5.4.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to f) for the data rates of 106, 212 and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
b) Turn on a field between the limits $H_{\text{min}}$ and $H_{\text{max}}$ and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
c) Perform activation in the selected communication mode and data rate.
d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.
e) Execute scenario T 5 followed scenario T 6.
f) Check if the response and the PNIs from the DUT are according to the test scenarios.

*Scenario T 5 — DEP_REQ information PDU with more information bit set; correct transaction*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target-test-apparatus</th>
<th>DUT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND100</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ TEST_RESPONSE100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3B01</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ A(ACK)01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3E10</td>
<td>←⎯udad TEST_RESPONSE310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND111</td>
<td>←⎯udad TEST_RESPONSE111</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| TEST_COMMAND100       | ←⎯udad TEST_RESPONSE100 |
| TEST_COMMAND201       | ←⎯udad TEST_COMMAND3B01 |
| A(ACK)10              | ←⎯udad TEST_COMMAND3E10 |
| TEST_COMMAND111       | ←⎯udad TEST_RESPONSE111 |
Scenario T 6 — DEP_REQ information PDU with more information bit set, erroneous transaction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND1_{00}</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3B_{01}</td>
<td>←→ A(ACK)_{01}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3_{010} (¬CRC)</td>
<td>←→ Mute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S(A)</td>
<td>←→ S(A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3_{010}</td>
<td>←→ A(ACK)_{10}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3E_{11}</td>
<td>←→ TEST_RESPONSE3_{11}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND1_{00}</td>
<td>←→ TEST_RESPONSE1_{00}</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| TEST_COMMAND1_{00}    | ←→ TEST_RESPONSE1_{00} |
| TEST_COMMAND2_{01}    | ←→ TEST_COMMAND3B_{01} |
| A(ACK)_{10} (¬CRC)    | ←→ Mute |
| S(A)                  | ←→ S(A) |
| A(ACK)_{10}           | ←→ TEST_RESPONSE3E_{10} |
| TEST_COMMAND1_{11}    | ←→ TEST_RESPONSE1_{11} |
8.5.4.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

8.5.5 Handling of DEP_REQ supervisory PDU's with timeout bit set to ONE
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP_REQ with supervisory PDU with timeout bit set to ONE (see ECMA-340 clause 12.6.1.3).

8.5.5.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to f) for the data rates of 106, 212 and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.
b) Turn on a field between the limits $H_{\text{min}}$ and $H_{\text{max}}$ and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.
c) Perform activation in the selected communication mode and data rate.
d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.
e) Execute scenario T 7 followed by scenario T 8.
f) Check if the response and the PNIs from the DUT are according to scenarios.

Scenario T 7 — DEP_REQ supervisory PDU with timeout bit set to ONE; correct transaction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target-test-apparatus</th>
<th>DUT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND100</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>←</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND401</td>
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<td></td>
<td>←</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S(TO)</td>
<td>→</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>←</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND110</td>
<td>→</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>←</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE100</td>
<td>→</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE401</td>
<td>→</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE110</td>
<td>→</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Scenario T 8 — DEP_REQ supervisory PDU, timeout bit set, erroneous transaction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target-test-apparatus</th>
<th>DUT</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>TEST_COMMAND100</td>
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<tr>
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<td>S(TO)</td>
</tr>
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<td>S(TO) (~CRC)</td>
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<tr>
<td>S(A)</td>
<td>S(A)</td>
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<tr>
<td>S(TO)</td>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE401</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND110</td>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE110</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.5.5.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and both communication modes.

8.5.6 Handling of DEP_REQ supervisory PDUs with timeout bit set to ZERO
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP_REQ supervisory PDU with the timeout bit set to ZERO (see ECMA-340 clause 12.6.1.3).

8.5.6.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to f) for the data rates of 106, 212 and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.

b) Turn on a field between the limits $H_{min}$ and $H_{max}$ and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.

c) Perform activation in the selected communication mode and data rate.

d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.

e) Execute scenario T 9 followed by scenario T 10.

f) Check if the response and the PNIs from the DUT are according to the scenarios.
8.5.6.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

8.5.7 Handling of DSL_REQ
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DSL_REQ (see ECMA-340 clause 12.7.1.3).

8.5.7.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to f) for the data rates of 106, 212 and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.

b) Turn on a field between the limits H_{min} and H_{max} and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.

c) Perform activation in the selected communication mode and data rate.

d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.

e) Execute scenario T 11 followed scenario T 12.
f) Check if the response and the PNIs from the DUT are according to the scenarios.

**Scenario T 11 — DSL_REQ, correct transaction**

<table>
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<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND100</td>
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<tr>
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<td>←⎯⎯⎯ DSL_RES ⎯⎯⎯→</td>
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<tr>
<td>DSL_REQ</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ Mute ⎯⎯⎯→</td>
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**Scenario T 12 — DSL_REQ, erroneous transaction**

<table>
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<tr>
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<td>←⎯⎯⎯ Mute ⎯⎯⎯→</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSL_REQ</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ DSL_RES ⎯⎯⎯→</td>
</tr>
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</table>

**8.5.7.2 Test report**

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

**8.5.8 Handling of RLS_REQ**

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the RLS_REQ of the DUT (see ECMA-340 clause 12.7.2.3).

**8.5.8.1 Procedure**

Repeat steps a) to h) for the data rates of 106, 212 and 424 kbps and for both Active and Passive communication Modes.

a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.

b) Turn on a field between the limits $H_{\text{min}}$ and $H_{\text{max}}$ and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.

c) Perform activation in the selected communication mode and data rate.

d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.

e) Execute scenario T 13 followed scenario T 14.

f) Check if the response and the PNIs from the DUT are according to the scenarios.

g) Perform activation for the selected communication mode and data rate.
h) Send ATR_REQ and check valid ATR_RES from the DUT.

Scenario T 13 — RLS_REQ, correct transaction

| Target-test-apparatus | DUT
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<tr>
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<td>⎯⎯⎯→</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<tr>
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<td>←⎯⎯⎯</td>
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Scenario T 14 — RLS_REQ, erroneous transaction

| Target-test-apparatus | DUT
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</tr>
<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RLS_REQ</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

8.5.8.2 Test report

The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

8.5.9 Handling of WUP_REQ (Active communication Mode Only)

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the WUP_REQ of the DUT (see ECMA-340 clause 12.5.2.3).

8.5.9.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to g) for the data rates of 106, 212 and 424 kbps.

a) Place the DUT into the operating volume.

b) Turn on a field between the limits H_min and H_max and verify that the field strength does not influence the test results.

c) Perform activation in Active communication Mode at the selected data rate.

d) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.

e) Execute scenario T 15 followed by scenario T 16.

f) Check if the response and the PNIs from the DUT are according to the scenarios.

g) Send an ATR_REQ and receive the ATR_RES from the DUT.
### Scenario T 15 — WUP_REQ, correct transaction

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<tbody>
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<tr>
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<td>←⎯⎯⎯</td>
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<tr>
<td>WUP_REQ</td>
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<tr>
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### Scenario T 16 — WUP_REQ, erroneous transaction

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</thead>
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<tr>
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<td>TEST_RESPONSE100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DSL_RES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>← ⎯⎯⎯→</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WUP_REQ</td>
<td>← ⎯⎯⎯→</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>WUP_RES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>TEST_RESPONSE100</td>
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</table>
8.5.9.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates.

9 Initiator test methods

9.1 Apparatus for testing the Initiator (Initiator-test-apparatus)

9.1.1 Initiator test apparatus concept
The Initiator-test-apparatus consists of two parts.
- The Upper Tester (UT) configures the Initiator and instructs the Initiator to send commands. This Standard does not specify how the UT controls the DUT.
- The Lower Tester (LT) emulates the Target protocol, and includes a digital sampling oscilloscope for timing measurements.

```
Figure 1 — Initiator test apparatus concept
```

9.1.2 Protocol activation procedure for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps
Activate the LT by executing the following sequence:
a) Set the LT in Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps
b) Set the DUT in Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps.
c) Instruct the DUT to perform activation and SDD at 106 kbps.

9.1.3 Protocol activation procedures for Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps
Repeat the following sequence for the data rates of 212 and 424 kbps:
a) Set the LT in Passive communication Mode at the selected data rate.
b) Set the DUT in Passive communication Mode at the selected data rate.
c) Instruct the DUT to perform SDD at the selected data rate.
9.1.4 Protocol activation procedures for Active communication Mode
Repeat the following sequence for the data rates of 106, 212 and 424 kbps:

a) Set the LT in Active communication Mode at the selected data rate.

b) Set the DUT in Active communication Mode at the selected data rate.

c) Instruct the DUT to perform Active communication Mode activation flow at selected data rate (see ECMA-340, 12.3).

9.2 List of protocol test methods for Initiators
This subclause lists all required protocol test methods for Initiators.

To test Initiators performing initialisation and SDD in Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps execute the PCD test methods as defined in ISO/IEC 10373-6.

To test initiators performing initialisation and SDD in Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps execute the test methods in table 4.

Table 4 — Activation in Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clause</th>
<th>Test method</th>
<th>Corresponding requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9.3.1</td>
<td>Frame format</td>
<td>ECMA-340 11.2.2.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.3.2</td>
<td>SDD at 212 and 424 kbps</td>
<td>ECMA-340 11.2.2.3 11.2.2.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To test Initiators performing initialisation in Active communication Mode execute the test methods in table 5.

Table 5 — Activation in Active communication Mode

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clause</th>
<th>Test method</th>
<th>Corresponding requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9.4.1</td>
<td>Initial RF Collision Avoidance</td>
<td>ECMA-340 11.1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.4.2</td>
<td>Response RF Collision Avoidance with time jitter n=0</td>
<td>ECMA-340 11.1.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To test initiators using the transport protocol execute the test methods in table 6.
Table 6 — Logical operation of the Initiator Transport Protocol

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clause</th>
<th>Test method</th>
<th>Corresponding requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Base standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.5.1</td>
<td>Handling of ATR_RES</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.5.2</td>
<td>Handling of PSL_RES</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.5.3</td>
<td>Handling of DEP_RES information PDUs</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.5.4</td>
<td>Handling of DEP_RES Information PDU's with more information bit set to ONE</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.5.5</td>
<td>Handling of DEP_RES supervisory PDU's with timeout bit set to ONE</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.5.6</td>
<td>Handling of DEP_RES supervisory PDU's with timeout bit set to ZERO</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.5.7</td>
<td>Handling of DSL_RES</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.5.8</td>
<td>Handling of RLS_RES</td>
<td>ECMA-340</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.3 Activation in Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps

9.3.1 Frame format
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct frame format of the DUT at 212 and 424 kbps (see ECMA-340 clause 11.2.2.2).

9.3.1.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to d) for the 212 and 424 kbps.
   a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
   b) Execute 9.1.3 with selected data rate.
   c) The LT waits until the DUT sends a valid POL_REQ.
   d) Verify that the frame attributes are in accordance to ECMA-340 clause 11.2.2.2.

9.3.1.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for both data rates.

9.3.2 SDD at 212 and 424 kbps
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the POL_REQ of the DUT (see ECMA-340 clause 11.2.2.3 and 11.2.2.4).

9.3.2.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to f) for all TSN values and for 212 and 424 kbps data rates.
   a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
   b) Execute 9.1.3 with selected TSN and selected data rate.
   c) The LT waits until the DUT sends a valid POL_REQ.
   d) The LT answers with a POL_RES in the last allowed timeslot.
   e) Instruct the DUT to send ATR_REQ.
   f) The LT receives the ATR_REQ.

9.3.2.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for both data rates and all TSN values.
9.4 Activation in Active communication Mode

9.4.1 Initial RF Collision Avoidance
The purpose of this test is to verify the behaviour of the DUT during initial RF Collision Avoidance (see ECMA-340 clause 11.1.1).

9.4.1.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to h) for the 106, 212 and 424 kbps data rates.

a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
b) The LT (field generating antenna) shall generate an RF-field. (Arrangement of test assembly can be found in ECMA-356).
c) Ensure that the field strength at the DUT is at least $H_{\text{Threshold}}$.
d) Execute 9.1.4 with selected data rate.
e) The LT shall switch off its RF-field.
f) The LT waits until the DUT sends a valid ATR_REQ.
g) Analyse the timing between the RF off of the LT and the RF on of the DUT (see ECMA-340 clause 11.1.1).
h) Repeat steps a) to g) until all possible values for $n$ of $T_{\text{RFG}}$ are detected.

9.4.1.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates.

9.4.2 Response RF Collision Avoidance with time jitter $n=0$
The purpose of this test is to verify the behaviour of the DUT during response RF Collision Avoidance with time jitter $n=0$ (see ECMA-340 clause 11.1.2).

9.4.2.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to g) for the 106, 212 and 424 kbps data rates.

a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
b) Execute 9.1.4 with selected data rate.
c) The LT waits until the DUT sends a valid ATR_REQ.
d) The LT answers with a valid ATR_RES.
e) Instruct the DUT to send TEST_COMMAND1.
f) The LT receives the TEST_COMMAND1.
g) Verify that the time between the RF off of the LT and the RF on of the DUT complies with ECMA-340 clause 11.1.2.

9.4.2.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the timing is correct for all data rates.

9.5 Logical operation of the Transport Protocol

9.5.1 Handling of ATR_RES
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the ATR_RES of the DUT (see ECMA-340 clause 12.5.1.3).
9.5.1.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to c) for all specified data rates, communication modes and protocol activation procedure combinations.

a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
b) Execute 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps and 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.
c) Execute scenario I 1.

Scenario I 1 — ATR_RES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DUT</th>
<th>LT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATR_REQ</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND1_00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND1_01</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.5.1.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

9.5.2 Handling of PSL_RES
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the PSL_RES (see ECMA-340 clause 12.5.3.3).

9.5.2.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to c) for all specified data rate, communication mode and protocol activation procedure combinations.

a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.
b) Execute 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps and 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.
c) Execute scenario I 2.
### Scenario I 2 — PSL_RES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DUT</th>
<th>LT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATR_REQ</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ ATR_RES (changeable params) →</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSL_REQ</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ PSL_RES →</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND100</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯→</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DUT</th>
<th>LT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATR_REQ</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ ATR_RES (changeable params) →</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSL_REQ</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ PSL_RES (~CRC) →</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSL_REQ</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ Mute →</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND100</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯→</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 9.5.2.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

#### 9.5.3 Handling of DEP_RES Information PDUs
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP_RES (see ECMA-340 clause 12.6.1.2).

#### 9.5.3.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to d) for all specified data rate, communication mode and protocol activation procedure combinations.

a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.

b) Execute 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps and 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.

c) Execute scenario I 3.

d) Execute scenario I 4.
Scenario I 3 — DEP_RES information PDU, correct transaction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DUT</th>
<th>LT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND100</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ TEST_RESPONSE100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND101</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ TEST_RESPONSE101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND110</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ TEST_RESPONSE110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND111</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ TEST_RESPONSE111</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Scenario I 4 — DEP_RES information PDU, erroneous transaction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DUT</th>
<th>LT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND100</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ TEST_RESPONSE100 (~CRC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A(NACK)00</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ TEST_RESPONSE100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DUT</th>
<th>LT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND101</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ TEST_COMMAND100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A(NACK)00</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ Mute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A(NACK)00</td>
<td>←⎯⎯⎯ TEST_RESPONSE100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.5.3.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.
9.5.4 Handling of DEP.RES Information PDU's with more information bit set to ONE

The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP.RES with information bit set to ONE (see ECMA-340 clause 12.6.1.3).

9.5.4.1 Procedure

Repeat steps a) to d) for all specified data rate, communication mode and protocol activation procedure combinations.

a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.

b) Execute 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps and 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.

c) Execute scenario I 5.

d) Execute scenario I 6.

Scenario I 5 — DEP.RES with more information bit set to ONE, correct transaction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DUT</th>
<th>LT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND1\textsubscript{00}</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND2\textsubscript{00}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3B\textsubscript{01}</td>
<td>A(ACK)\textsubscript{01}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3E\textsubscript{10}</td>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE3\textsubscript{10}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND1\textsubscript{11}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DUT</th>
<th>LT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND1\textsubscript{00}</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3B\textsubscript{00}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A(ACK)\textsubscript{01}</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3E\textsubscript{01}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE3\textsubscript{10}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Scenario I 6 — DEP_RES with more information bit set to ONE, erroneous transaction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DUT</th>
<th>LT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND1_{00}</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3B_{00} (~CRC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A(NACK)_{00}</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3B_{00}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A(ACK)_{01}</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3E_{01}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE3_{10}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND1_{00}</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND2_{00}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3B_{01}</td>
<td>A(ACK)_{01} (~CRC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A(NACK)_{01}</td>
<td>A(ACK)_{01}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3E_{10}</td>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE3_{10}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND1_{11}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9.5.4.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

9.5.5 Handling of DEP_RES supervisory PDU’s with timeout bit set to ONE
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP_RES with supervisory PDUs with timeout bit set to ONE (see ECMA-340 clause 12.6.1.3).

9.5.5.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to d) for all specified data rate, communication mode and protocol activation procedure combinations.

a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.

b) Execute 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps and 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.

c) Execute scenario I 7.

d) Execute scenario I 8.

Scenario I 7 — DEP_RES with timeout bit set to ONE, correct transaction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DUT</th>
<th>LT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND1_{00}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>⏯️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A(ACK)_{01}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>← ⏯️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3B_{00}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>⏯️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A(NACK)_{01}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>← ⏯️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mute</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>← ⏯️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A(NACK)_{01}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>← ⏯️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND30_{01} (~CRC)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>← ⏯️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A(ACK)_{10}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>← ⏯️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3E_{10}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>← ⏯️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND1_{11}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>← ⏯️</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9.5.5.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

9.5.6 Handling of DEP_RES supervisory PDUs with timeout bit set to ZERO
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DEP_RES supervisory PDU with timeout bit set to ZERO (Attention) (see ECMA-340 clause 12.6.1.3).

9.5.6.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to d) for all specified data rate, communication mode and protocol activation procedure combinations.

a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.

b) Execute 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps and 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.

c) Execute scenario I 9.

d) Execute scenario I 10.
9.5.6.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

9.5.7 Handling of DSL_RES
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the DSL_RES of the DUT (see ECMA-340 clause 12.7.1.3).

9.5.7.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to d) for all specified data rate, communication mode and protocol activation procedure combinations.

a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.

b) Execute 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps and 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.

c) Execute scenario I 11.

d) Execute scenario I 12.
9.5.7.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.

9.5.8 Handling of RLS_RES
The purpose of this test is to determine the correct handling of the RLS_RES of the DUT (see ECMA-340 clause 12.7.2.3).

9.5.8.1 Procedure
Repeat steps a) to d) for all specified data rate, communication mode and protocol activation procedure combinations.

a) Place the LT into the operating volume of the DUT.

b) Execute 9.1.2 for Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps, 9.1.3 for Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps and 9.1.4 for Active communication Mode at all data rates.

c) Execute scenario I 13.

d) Execute scenario I 14.
Scenario I 14 — RLS_RES, erroneous transaction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DUT</th>
<th>LT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEST_COMMAND100</td>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RLS_REQ</td>
<td>Mute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RLS_REQ</td>
<td>RLS_RES</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.5.8.2 Test report
The test report shall indicate whether the DUT behaves correctly for all data rates and communication modes.
Annex A
(normative)

Test report template for Target tests

Supplier:
Product:

Legend:
A: 106 kbps   Active communication Mode at 106 kbps
A: 212 kbps   Active communication Mode at 212 kbps
A: 424 kbps   Active communication Mode at 424 kbps
P: 106 kbps   Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps
P: 212 kbps   Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps
P: 424 kbps   Passive communication Mode at 424 kbps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Command name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Data Used</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND1</td>
<td>Default command used for test</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE1</td>
<td>Default response used for TEST_COMMAND1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND2</td>
<td>Default command used to force chaining</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3</td>
<td>Default command using chaining. This command is divided in more than 1 part.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE3</td>
<td>Default response used for TEST_COMMAND3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND4</td>
<td>Default command which forces Response Waiting Time at Target side</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE4</td>
<td>Default response to TEST_COMMAND4 after Response Waiting Time has been processed.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>DID</td>
<td>Identifier used for tests</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>Tested only if Target supports NAD</td>
<td>Yes / No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Chaining</td>
<td>Tested only if Target supports commands longer than 63 bytes</td>
<td>Yes / No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 8.3 Activation in Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424 kbps.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Testname</th>
<th>Expected result according to ECMA-340</th>
<th>Reference chapter in ECMA-340</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Test results PASS/FAIL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>8.3.1 Activation time</td>
<td>The test passes if the DUT responds in the time defined in ECMA-340.</td>
<td>11.2.2.3</td>
<td>P: 212 kbps</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>P: 424 kbps</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>8.3.2 Frame format</td>
<td>The test passes if the Preamble, SYNC, Length and CRC are according to ECMA-340.</td>
<td>11.2.2.2</td>
<td>P: 212 kbps</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>P: 424 kbps</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>8.3.3 SDD at 212 and 424 kbps</td>
<td>The test passes if the data and the response time are according to ECMA-340.</td>
<td>11.2.2.4</td>
<td>P: 212 kbps</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>P: 424 kbps</td>
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### 8.4 Activation in Active communication Mode

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Testname</th>
<th>Expected result according to ECMA-340</th>
<th>Reference chapter in ECMA-340</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Test results PASS/FAIL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>8.4.1 RF Collision Avoidance</td>
<td>The test passes if the DUT activates its RF field as specified in ECMA-340.</td>
<td>11.1.2</td>
<td>A: 106 kbps</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A: 212 kbps</td>
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<td>A: 424 kbps</td>
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### 8.5 Logical operation of the Target Transport Protocol.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Test name</th>
<th>Expected result</th>
<th>Reference chapter in ECMA-340</th>
<th>Scenario number</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Test results PASS/FAIL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>8.5.1 Handling of ATR_REQ</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenario.</td>
<td>12.5.1.3.2</td>
<td>T 1</td>
<td>P: 106 kbps</td>
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<td>A: 212 kbps</td>
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<td></td>
<td>8.5.2 Handling of PSL_REQ</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenario.</td>
<td>12.5.3.3.2</td>
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<td>A: 212 kbps</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>8.5.3 Handling of DEP_REQ Information PDUs</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.</td>
<td>12.6.1.3</td>
<td>T 3</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>8.5.4 Handling of DEP_REQ Information PDUs with the &quot;more information&quot; bit set to ONE</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.</td>
<td>12.6.1.3</td>
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<td>8.5.5 Handling of DEP_REQ supervisory PDUs with timeout bit set to ONE</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.</td>
<td>12.6.1.3</td>
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<td>8.5.6 Handling of DEP_REQ supervisory PDUs with timeout bit set to ZERO</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.</td>
<td>12.6.1.3</td>
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<td>8.5.7 Handling of DSL_REQ</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.</td>
<td>12.7.1.3</td>
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<td>A: 424 kbps</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td><strong>8.5.8 Handling of RLS_REQ</strong></td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.</td>
<td>12.7.2.3</td>
<td>T 13 T 14</td>
<td>P: 106 kbps</td>
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<td>A: 424 kbps</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td><strong>8.5.9 Handling of WUP_REQ</strong> (Active communication Mode Only)</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.</td>
<td>12.7.2.3</td>
<td>T 15 T 16</td>
<td>A: 106 kbps</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A: 212 kbps</td>
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<td>A: 424 kbps</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Annex B
(normative)

## Test report template for Initiator tests

**Supplier:**

**Product:**

### Legend:
- **A:** 106 kbps   Active communication Mode at 106 kbps
- **A:** 212 kbps   Active communication Mode at 212 kbps
- **A:** 424 kbps   Active communication Mode at 424 kbps
- **P:** 106 kbps   Passive communication Mode at 106 kbps
- **P:** 212 kbps   Passive communication Mode at 212 kbps
- **P:** 424 kbps   Passive communication Mode at 424 kbps

### Commands and ID definitions used for protocol tests.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Command name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Data Used</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND1</td>
<td>Default command used for test</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE1</td>
<td>Default response used for TEST_COMMAND1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND2</td>
<td>Default command used to force chaining</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND3</td>
<td>Default command using chaining. This command is divided in more than 1 part.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE3</td>
<td>Default response used for TEST_COMMAND3</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>TEST_COMMAND4</td>
<td>Default command which forces Response Waiting Time at Target side</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>TEST_RESPONSE4</td>
<td>Default response to TEST_COMMAND4 after Response Waiting Time has been processed.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>DID</td>
<td>Identifier used for tests</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>Tested only if the Initiator uses NAD</td>
<td>Yes / No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Chaining</td>
<td>Tested only if the Initiator supports commands longer than 63 bytes</td>
<td>Yes / No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 9.3 Activation in Passive communication Mode at 212 and 424kbps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Testname</th>
<th>Expected result according to ECMA-340</th>
<th>Reference chapter in ECMA-340</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Test results PASS/FAIL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>9.3.1 Frame format</td>
<td>If the Preamble, SYNC, Length and CRC are according to ECMA-340 the test is passed.</td>
<td>11.2.2.2</td>
<td>P: 212 kbps</td>
<td>P: 212 kbps</td>
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<td>P: 424 kbps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>9.3.2 SDD at 212 and 424 kbps</td>
<td>The test passes if the data and the response time are according to ECMA-340.</td>
<td>11.2.2.3, 11.2.2.4</td>
<td>P: 212 kbps</td>
<td>P: 212 kbps</td>
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<td>P: 424 kbps</td>
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### 9.4 Activation in Active communication Mode

<table>
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<th>No</th>
<th>Testname</th>
<th>Expected result according to ECMA-340</th>
<th>Reference chapter in ECMA-340</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Test results PASS/FAIL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>9.4.1 Initial RF Collision Avoidance</td>
<td>The test passes if the DUT activates its RF field as specified in ECMA-340.</td>
<td>11.1.2</td>
<td>A: 106 kbps</td>
<td>A: 106 kbps</td>
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<tr>
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<td>A: 424 kbps</td>
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### 9.5 Logical operation of the Transport Protocol

<table>
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<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Test name</th>
<th>Expected result</th>
<th>Reference chapter in ECMA-340</th>
<th>Scenario number</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Test results PASS/FAIL</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>9.5.1 Handling of ATR_RES</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenario.</td>
<td>12.5.1.3</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>P: 106 kbps</td>
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<td>A: 212 kbps</td>
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<td>A: 424 kbps</td>
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<td></td>
<td>9.5.2 Handling of PSL_RES</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenario.</td>
<td>12.5.3.3</td>
<td>I 2</td>
<td>P: 106 kbps</td>
<td>P: 212 kbps</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>9.5.3 Handling of DEP_RES Information PDUs</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.</td>
<td>12.6.1.2</td>
<td>I 3 I 4</td>
<td>P: 106 kbps</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>9.5.4 Handling of DEP_RES Information PDU's with more information bit set to ONE</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.</td>
<td>12.6.1.3</td>
<td>I 5 I 6</td>
<td>P: 106 kbps</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>9.5.5 Handling of DEP_RES supervisory PDUs with timeout bit set to ONE</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.</td>
<td>12.6.1.3</td>
<td>I 7 I 8</td>
<td>P: 106 kbps</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>9.5.6 Handling of DEP_RES supervisory PDUs with timeout bit set to ZERO</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.</td>
<td>12.6.1.3</td>
<td>I 9 I 10</td>
<td>P: 106 kbps</td>
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<td>9.5.7 Handling of DSL_RES</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.</td>
<td>12.7.1.3</td>
<td>I 11 I 12</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>9.5.8 Handling of RLS_RES</td>
<td>The test passes if DUT behaves as described in the scenarios.</td>
<td>12.7.2.3</td>
<td>I 13</td>
<td>I 14</td>
<td>P: 106 kbps</td>
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