# Standard ECMA-164 4th Edition - December 2001



Standardizing Information and Communication Systems

**Private Integrated Services Network** (PISN) -

Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Name Identification Supplementary Services



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Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Name Identification Supplementary Services

(QSIG-NA)



### **Brief History**

This Standard is one of a series of ECMA Standards defining services and signalling protocols applicable to Private Integrated Services Networks (PISNs). The series uses ISDN concepts as developed by ITU-T and conforms to the framework of International Standards for Open Systems Interconnection as defined by ISO/IEC.

This particular Standard specifies the signalling protocol for use at the Q reference point in support of the Calling Name Identification Presentation (CNIP) and Connected Name Identification Presentation (CONP) supplementary services. The protocol defined in this Standard forms part of the PSS1 protocol (informally known as QSIG).

This Standard is based upon the practical experience of ECMA member companies and the results of their active and continuous participation in the work of ISO/IEC JTC1, ITU-T, ETSI and other international and national standardization bodies. It represents a pragmatic and widely based consensus.

Compared to the 1st, 2nd and 3rd Editions of Standard ECMA-164 (published by ECMA in March 1992, June 1993 September 1998 respectively), this 4th Edition incorporates additional character sets for the coding of the Name identification as well as migration to ASN.1 version 1997. Differences between this ECMA Standard and the ISO/IEC International Standard with which it is aligned are clearly identified.

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#### 1 Scope

This Standard specifies the signalling protocol for the support of name identification supplementary services at the Q reference point between Private Integrated services Network eXchanges (PINXs) connected together within a Private Integrated Services Network (PISN). The name identification supplementary services are Calling Name Identification Presentation (SS-CNIP) and Connected Name Identification Presentation (SS-CONP).

Calling Name Identification Presentation (CNIP) is a supplementary service which is offered to the called user and which provides the name of the calling user (calling party name) to the called user.

Connected Name Identification Presentation (CONP) is a supplementary service which is offered to the calling user and which provides to the calling user the following:

- the name of the user who answers the call (connected party name);
- optionally the name of the alerting user (called party name);
- optionally the name of the called user who cannot be reached (busy party name).

The supplementary service Calling/connected Name Identification Restriction (CNIR) has no impact on the signalling at Q reference point.

Provision of a user's name to the PISN is outside the scope of this Standard.

The Q reference point is defined in ECMA-133.

Service specifications are produced in three stages according to the method specified in ETS 300 387. This Standard contains the stage 3 specification for the Q reference point and satisfies the requirements identified by the stage 1 and stage 2 specifications in ECMA-163.

The signalling protocol for SS-CNIP and SS-CONP operates on top of the signalling protocol for basic circuit switched call control, as specified in ECMA-143, and uses certain aspects of the generic procedures for the control of supplementary services specified in ECMA-165.

This Standard also specifies additional signalling protocol requirements for the support of interactions at Q reference point between name identification supplementary services and other supplementary services and ANFs.

This Standard is applicable to PINXs which can be interconnected to form a PISN.

#### 2 Conformance

In order to conform to this Standard, a PINX shall satisfy the requirements identified in the Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma in annex A.

### 3 References (normative)

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Standard. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below.

In the case of references to ECMA Standards that are aligned with ISO/IEC International Standards, the number of the appropriate ISO/IEC International Standard is given in brackets after the ECMA reference.

ECMA-133	Private	Integrated	Services	Network	(PISN) -	Reference	Configuration	for	PISN
	Exchang	ges (PINX) (	(Internatio	nal Standa	rd ISO/IE0	C 11579-1)			

- Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) Circuit-mode 64 kbit/s Bearer Services Service Description, Functional Capabilities and Information Flows (International Standard ISO/IEC 11574)
- ECMA-143 Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) Circuit-mode Bearer Services Inter-Exchange Signalling Procedures and Protocol (International Standard ISO/IEC 11572)

ECMA-163	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Specification, Functional Model and Information Flows - Name Identification Supplementary Services (International Standard ISO/IEC 13864)
ECMA-165	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Generic Functional Protocol for the Support of Supplementary Services - Inter-Exchange Signalling Procedures and Protocol (International Standard ISO/IEC 11582)
ECMA-174	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Call Diversion Supplementary Services (International Standard ISO/IEC 13873)
ECMA-178	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN) - Inter-Exchange Signalling Protocol - Call Transfer Supplementary Service (International Standard ISO/IEC 13869)
ISO 8859-1	Information processing - 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets - Part 1: Latin alphabet No.1 (1987)
ISO 8859-2	Information processing - 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets - Part 2: Latin alphabet No. 2 (1987)
ISO 8859-3	Information processing - 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets - Part 3: Latin alphabet No. 3 (1988)
ISO 8859-4	Information processing - 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets - Part 4: Latin alphabet No.4 (1988)
ISO 8859-5	Information processing - 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets - Part 5: Latin/Cyrillic alphabet (1988)
ISO 8859-7	Information processing - 8-bit single-byte coded graphic character sets - Part 7: Latin/Greek alphabet (1987)
ISO/IEC 10646-1	Information technology - Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) - Part 1: Architecture and Basic Multilingual Plane (1993)
ETS 300 387	Private Telecommunication Network (PTN); Method for the specification of basic and supplementary services (1994)
ITU-T Rec. I.112	Vocabulary of terms for ISDNs (1993)
ITU-T Rec. I.210	Principles of telecommunication services supported by an ISDN and the means to describe them (1993)
ITU-T Rec. Z.100	Specification and description language (1999)
ANSI T1.641-199	5 American National Standard for Telecommunications - Calling Name Identification Presentation

## 4 Definitions

For the purposes of this Standard, the following definitions apply.

## 4.1 External definitions

This Standard uses the following terms defined in other documents:

-	Application Protocol Data Unit (APDU)	(ECMA-165)
-	Basic Service	(ITU-T Rec. I.210)
-	Call, Basic Call	(ECMA-165)
-	Coordination Function	(ECMA-165)
-	Incoming Gateway PINX	(ECMA-143)
-	Integrated Services Digital Network	(ITU-T Rec. I.112)
_	Originating PINX	(ECMA-143)

-	Outgoing Gateway PINX	(ECMA-143)
-	Private Integrated Services Network (PISN)	(ECMA-133)
-	Private Integrated services Network eXchange (PINX)	(ECMA-133)
-	Signalling	(ITU-T Rec. I.112)
-	Supplementary Service	(ITU-T Rec. I.210)
-	Supplementary Service Control Entity	(ECMA-165)
_	Terminating PINX	(ECMA-143)
_	Transit PINX	(ECMA-143)
-	User	(ECMA-142)

## 4.2 Name

A string of maximum 50 characters which is used for the name identification of the PISN user of a call.

## 5 Acronyms

APDU	Application Protocol Data Unit
ASN.1	Abstract Syntax Notation One
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
NFE	Network Facility Extension
PICS	Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement
PISN	Private Integrated Services Network
PINX	Private Integrated services Network eXchange
SDL	Specification and Description Language
SSCE	Supplementary Service Control Entity
SS-CNIP	Calling Name Identification Presentation supplementary service
SS-CONP	Connected Name Identification Presentation supplementary service

## 6 SS-CNIP and SS-CONP Coding Requirements

## 6.1 Operations

The operations defined in Abstract Syntax Notation number 1 (ASN.1) in table 1 shall apply. The notation is in accordance with ITU-T Rec. X.680 and X.690. The ITU-T Rec. X.208 and X.209 superseded version is in annex C.

Table 1 - Operations in Support of SS-CNIP and SS-CONP

```
Name-Operations-asn1-97
                           { iso (1) standard (0) pss1-name (13868) name-operations-asn1-97(1) }
DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
IMPORTS
OPERATION
                           FROM
                                         Remote-Operations-Information-Objects
                           {joint-iso-itu-t remote-operations(4) informationObjects(5) version1(0)}
EXTENSION, Extension{}
                                         Manufacturer-specific-service-extension-class-asn1-97
                    { iso standard pss1-generic-procedures (11582) msi-class-asn1-97 (11) };
Name-Operations OPERATION ::= { callingName | calledName | connectedName | busyName }
callingName
             OPERATION ::= {
                                         NameArg
                    ARGUMENT
                    RETURN RESULT
                                         FALSE
                    ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE
                    CODE
                                         local: 0
calledName
             OPERATION ::= {
                    ARGUMENT
                                         NameArg
                    RETURN RESULT
                                         FALSE
                    ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE
                    CODE
                                         local: 1
connectedName OPERATION ::= {
                    ARGUMENT
                                         NameArg
                    RETURN RESULT
                                         FALSE
                    ALWAYS RESPONDS
                                        FALSE
                    CODE
                                         local: 2
                    }
busyName
             OPERATION ::= {
                    ARGUMENT
                                         NameArg
                    RETURN RESULT
                                         FALSE
                    ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE
                    CODE
                                         local: 3
                    }
```

Table 1 - Operations in Support of SS-CNIP and SS-CONP (continued)

```
CHOICE {
NameArg
                              name
                                             Name.
                              nameSequence
                                                     SEQUENCE {
                                                                    Name.
                                                     name
                                                                    NameExtension OPTIONAL
                                                     extension
                              }
NameExtension ::=
                      CHOICE {
                              single [5] IMPLICIT Extension{{NameExtensionSet}},
                              multiple [6] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Extension{{NameExtensionSet}}
NameExtensionSet
                      EXTENSION ::= {...}
Name
                      ::= CHOICE
                                      namePresentationAllowed
                                                                    NamePresentationAllowed,
                              {
                                      namePresentationRestricted
                                                                    NamePresentationRestricted.
                                                                    NameNotAvailable }
                                      nameNotAvailable
NamePresentationAllowed ::= CHOICE
                                      namePresentationAllowedSimple
                                                                            [0] IMPLICIT NameData,
                                      namePresentationAllowedExtended
                                                                            [1] IMPLICIT NameSet }
                              -- iso8859-1 is implied in namePresentationAllowedSimple.
NamePresentationRestricted ::= CHOICE
                                      namePresentationRestrictedSimple
                                                                            [2] IMPLICIT NameData,
                              {
                                      namePresentationRestrictedExtended
                                                                            [3] IMPLICIT NameSet,
                                      namePresentationRestrictedNull
                                                                            [7] IMPLICIT NULL}
                              -- iso8859-1 is implied in namePresentationRestrictedSimple.
                              -- namePresentationRestrictedNull shall only be used in the
                              -- case of interworking where the other network provides an
                              -- indication that the name is restricted without the name itself.
NameNotAvailable
                      ::= [4] IMPLICIT NULL
NameData
                      ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..50))
                              -- The maximum allowed size of the name field is 50 octets.
                              -- The minimum required size of the name field is 1 octet.
NameSet
                      ::= SEQUENCE
                                      nameData
                                                     NameData.
                                                     CharacterSet OPTIONAL }
                                      characterSet
                              -- If characterSet is not included, iso8859-1 is implied.
CharacterSet
              ::= INTEGER
                      unknown (0),
                      iso8859-1 (1),
                              -- The character set "iso8859-1" is specified in International
                              -- Standard ISO 8859-1
                              -- The value 2 was assigned for CCITT Rec. T.61
                              -- which has been withdrawn by ITU-T.
                      iso8859-2 (3),
                              -- The character set "iso8859-2" is specified in International
                              -- Standard ISO 8859-2
```

Table 1 - Operations in Support of SS-CNIP and SS-CONP (concluded)

iso8859-3 (4). -- The character set "iso8859-3" is specified in International -- Standard ISO 8859-3 iso8859-4 (5), -- The character set "iso8859-4" is specified in International -- Standard ISO 8859-4 iso8859-5 (6), --The character set "iso8859-5" is specified in International -- Standard ISO 8859-5 iso8859-7 (7), --The character set "iso8859-7" is specified in International -- Standard ISO 8859-7 iso10646-BmpString (8), -- The character set "iso10646-BmpString" is specified in International -- Standard ISO 10646-1 and in ITU-T Rec. X.680 -- with this character set, each character occupies 2 octets in NameData iso10646-utf-8String (9) -- The character set "iso10646-utf-8String" is specified in International -- Standard ISO 10646-1 -- UTF-8-String is defined in Annex R of ISO 10646-1 -- with this character set, each character occupies a variable -- number of octets (1...6) in NameData } (0..255) -- Other character sets might be added in further editions of -- this Standard **END** -- of Name-Operations-asn1-97

## 6.2 Information Elements

The operations defined in 6.1 for the support of SS-CNIP and SS-CONP shall be coded in the Facility information element in accordance with ECMA-165.

When conveying the invoke APDU of the operations defined in 6.1, the destinationEntity data element of the NFE shall contain value endPINX. The Interpretation APDU in the Facility information element shall be included and shall have the value "discardAnyUnrecognisedInvokeAPDU (0)".

#### 6.3 Messages

Basic call messages ALERTING, CONNECT, DISCONNECT, FACILITY, RELEASE, RELEASE COMPLETE, PROGRESS and SETUP shall be used for conveying the Facility information element in support of SS-CNIP and SS-CONP as specified in ECMA-165.

### 7 Signalling Protocol for the Support of SS-CNIP

#### 7.1 SS-CNIP Description

Calling Name Identification Presentation (SS-CNIP) is a supplementary service which is offered to the called user and which provides the name of the calling user to the called user.

The PISN provides the calling user's name and delivers the calling user's name to the called user whenever an incoming call is presented.

The presentation of the calling user's name may be restricted as specified in SS-CNIR. Some users may have a service profile which permits the override of calling name identification restriction.

This supplementary service is applicable to all basic services, defined in ECMA-142.

#### 7.2 SS-CNIP Operational Requirements

## 7.2.1 Requirements on the Originating PINX and the Incoming Gateway PINX

Call establishment procedures, as specified in ECMA-143, shall apply. Additionally, these PINXs shall be responsible for obtaining the name information. An Originating PINX may limit, to less than 50, the number of characters that can be registered against a user.

Generic procedures for the call related control of supplementary services, as specified in ECMA-165 for a Source PINX, shall apply.

## 7.2.2 Requirements on the Terminating PINX and the Outgoing Gateway PINX

Call establishment procedures, as specified in ECMA-143, shall apply. Additionally, these PINXs shall be responsible for delivering the name information to the user or to the other network.

Generic procedures for the call related control of supplementary services, as specified in ECMA-165 for a Destination PINX, shall apply.

#### 7.2.3 Requirements on a Transit PINX

Call establishment procedures, as specified in ECMA-143, shall apply.

Generic procedures for the call related control of supplementary services, as specified in ECMA-165 for a Transit PINX, shall apply.

### 7.3 SS-CNIP State Definitions

No specific state definitions are required.

#### 7.4 SS-CNIP Signalling Procedures for Invocation and Operation

## 7.4.1 Actions at the Originating PINX

#### 7.4.1.1 Normal procedures

If the calling user's name is available and presentation is allowed, the callingName invoke APDU shall be sent in the SETUP message from the Originating PINX to the Terminating PINX. Within the argument, the NamePresentationAllowed type shall be chosen for the element of type Name.

If the calling user's name is available and presentation is restricted, the callingName invoke APDU shall also be sent in the SETUP message from the Originating PINX to the Terminating PINX. Within the argument, the NamePresentationRestricted type shall be chosen for the element of type Name.

If the calling user's name is not available, the callingName invoke APDU may be sent in the SETUP message from the Originating PINX to the Terminating PINX. Within the argument, the NameNotAvailable type shall be chosen for the element of type Name.

#### 7.4.1.2 Exceptional procedures

Not applicable.

#### 7.4.2 Actions at the Terminating PINX

## 7.4.2.1 Normal procedures

If the callingName invoke APDU has been received with an element of type NamePresentationAllowed in the argument, the name information including the presentation indicator shall be delivered to the called user if able and authorized to receive the calling name information

If the callingName invoke APDU has been received with an element of type NamePresentationRestricted in the argument, no name information other than the presentation indictor shall be delivered to the called user, unless the called user has an override capability.

If either the callingName invoke APDU has not been received or the callingName invoke APDU has been received with an element of type NameNotAvailable in the argument, no name information other than the presentation indicator "name not available" shall be delivered to the called user.

#### 7.4.2.2 Exceptional procedures

Not applicable.

#### 7.4.3 Actions at a Transit PINX

No special actions are required in support of SS-CNIP.

## 7.5 SS-CNIP Impact of Interworking with Public ISDNs or with Non-ISDNs

## 7.5.1 Actions at the Incoming Gateway PINX

On calls incoming from another network, if the other network provides the calling user's name information, it shall be sent to the Terminating PINX as specified in 7.4.1 (the Incoming Gateway PINX thereby acting as an Originating PINX). If the other network does not provide the calling user name, but provide an indication that the calling user name is restricted, the incoming gateway PINX shall include the callingName invoke APDU in the SETUP message sent to the Terminating PINX. Within the argument, choice namePresentationRestrictedNull of type NamePresentationRestricted shall be chosen for the element of type Name.

If the number of characters in the calling party name exceeds 50, the PINX shall truncate the excess characters.

A public network may send delayed calling user's name information (e.g. in a FACILITY message subsequent to sending the SETUP message when conforming to ANSI T1.641-1995). In this case, the Incoming Gateway PINX may include the name information in a callingName invoke APDU in a FACILITY message and send it to the Terminating PINX, after the first backwards end-to-end message (i.e. ALERTING, PROGRESS or CONNECT) has been received. As defined in 6.2, the Interpretation APDU shall be included in the Facility information element in that FACILITY message and shall have the value "discardAnyUnrecognisedInvokeAPDU (0)".

## 7.5.2 Actions at the Outgoing Gateway PINX

On outgoing calls to another network, the PISN shall deliver the calling user's name information to the other network as specified in 7.4.2 (the Outgoing Gateway PINX thereby acting as a Terminating PINX), if the other network supports an equivalent supplementary service.

## 7.6 Protocol interactions between SS-CNIP and other supplementary services and ANFs

This clause specifies protocol interactions with other supplementary services and ANFs for which stage 3 standards had been published at the time of publication of this Standard. For interactions with supplementary services and ANFs for which stage 3 standards are published subsequent to the publication of this Standard, see those other stage 3 standards.

#### NOTE I

Simultaneous conveyance of APDUs for SS-CNIP and another supplementary service or ANF in the same message, each in accordance with the requirements of its respective stage 3 standard, does not, on its own, constitute a protocol interaction.

#### NOTE 2

Additional interactions that have no impact on the signalling protocol at the Q reference point can be found in the relevant stage 1 specifications.

## 7.6.1 Connected Name Identification Presentation (SS-CONP)

No protocol interaction.

#### 7.6.2 Completion of Calls to Busy Subscribers (SS-CCBS)

No protocol interaction.

## 7.6.3 Completion of Calls on No Reply (SS-CCNR)

No protocol interaction.

## 7.6.4 Call Transfer (SS-CT)

Protocol interactions are specified in ECMA-178.

#### 7.6.5 Call Forwarding Unconditional (SS-CFU)

Protocol interactions are specified in ECMA-174.

#### 7.6.6 Call Forwarding Busy (SS-CFB)

Protocol interactions are specified in ECMA-174.

#### 7.6.7 Call Forwarding No Reply (SS-CFNR)

Protocol interactions are specified in ECMA-174.

#### 7.6.8 Call Deflection (SS-CD)

The protocol interactions with Call Deflection Immediate shall be as specified in 7.6.5 for interaction with SS-CFU.

The protocol interactions with Call Deflection from Alert shall be as specified in 7.6.7 for interaction with SS-CFNR.

#### 7.6.9 Path Replacement (ANF-PR)

No protocol interaction.

## 8 Signalling Protocol for the Support of SS-CONP

## 8.1 SS-CONP General Description

Connected Name identification Presentation (SS-CONP) is a supplementary service which is offered to the calling user and which provides to the calling user the following:

- the name of the user that answers the call;
- optionally the name of the alerting user;
- optionally the name of the called user that cannot be reached.

The PISN provides the connected user's name and delivers the connected user's name to the calling user whenever an incoming call is answered by the called user.

Optionally, the PISN provides the name of the busy user and delivers the name to the calling user whenever the called user cannot be reached because of a busy condition.

Optionally, the PISN provides the name of the alerted user and delivers the name to the calling user whenever an incoming call commences alerting at the called user.

The presentation of the connected user's name, busy user's name and alerted user's name may be restricted as specified in SS-CNIR. Some users may have a service profile which permits the override of connected name identification restriction.

This supplementary service is applicable to all basic services defined in ECMA-142.

#### 8.2 SS-CONP Operational Requirements

#### 8.2.1 Requirements on the Terminating PINX and the Outgoing Gateway PINX

Call establishment procedures and the call release procedures, as specified in ECMA-143, shall apply. Additionally, these PINXs shall be responsible for obtaining the name information. A Terminating PINX may limit, to less than 50, the number of characters that can be registered against a user.

Generic procedures for the call related control of supplementary services, as specified in ECMA-165 for a Source PINX, shall apply.

#### 8.2.2 Requirements on the Originating PINX and the Incoming Gateway PINX

Call establishment procedures and the call release procedures, as specified in ECMA-143, shall apply. Additionally, these PINXs shall be responsible for delivering the name information to the user or to the other network.

Generic procedures for the call related control of supplementary services, as specified in ECMA-165 for a Destination PINX, shall apply.

#### 8.2.3 Requirements on a Transit PINX

Call establishment and release procedures, as specified in ECMA-143, shall apply.

Generic procedures for the call related control of supplementary services, as specified in ECMA-165 for a Transit PINX, shall apply.

#### 8.3 SS-CONP State Definitions

No specific state definitions are required.

## 8.4 SS-CONP Signalling Procedures for Invocation and Operation

#### 8.4.1 Actions at the Terminating PINX

#### 8.4.1.1 Normal procedures

When an incoming call is answered by the called user and the connected user's name is available and presentation is allowed, the connectedName invoke APDU shall be sent in the CONNECT message from the Terminating PINX to the Originating PINX. Within the argument, the NamePresentationAllowed type shall be chosen for the element of type Name.

When the called user cannot be reached because of a busy condition and the called user's name is available and presentation is allowed, the busyName invoke APDU may be sent in the message that indicates the busy condition. Within the argument, the NamePresentationAllowed type shall be chosen for the element of type Name.

When an incoming call commences alerting at the called user and the called user's name is available and presentation is allowed, the calledName invoke APDU may be sent in the ALERTING message from the Terminating PINX to the Originating PINX. Within the argument, the NamePresentationAllowed type shall be chosen for the element of type Name.

When an incoming call is answered by the called user and the connected user's name is available and presentation is restricted, the connectedName invoke APDU shall be sent in the CONNECT message from the Terminating PINX to the Originating PINX. Within the argument, the NamePresentationRestricted type shall be chosen for the element of type Name.

When the called user cannot be reached because of a busy condition and the called user's name is available and presentation is restricted, the busyName invoke APDU may be sent in the message that indicates the busy condition. Within the argument, the NamePresentationRestricted type shall be chosen for the element of type Name.

When an incoming call commences alerting at the called user and the called user's name is available and presentation is restricted, the calledName invoke APDU may be sent in the ALERTING message from the Terminating PINX to the Originating PINX. Within the argument, the NamePresentationRestricted type shall be chosen for the element of type Name.

When an incoming call is answered by the called user and the connected user's name is not available, the connectedName invoke APDU may be sent in the CONNECT message from the Terminating PINX to the Originating PINX. Within the argument, the NameNotAvailable type shall be chosen for the element of type Name.

When the called user cannot be reached because of a busy condition and the called user's name is not available, the busyName invoke APDU may be sent in the message that indicates the busy condition. Within the argument, the NameNotAvailable type shall be chosen for the element of type Name.

When an incoming call commences alerting at the called user and the called user's name is not available, the calledName invoke APDU may be sent in the ALERTING message from the Terminating PINX to the Originating PINX. Within the argument, the NameNotAvailable type shall be chosen for the element of type Name.

#### 8.4.1.2 Exceptional procedures

Not applicable.

## 8.4.2 Actions at the Originating PINX

#### 8.4.2.1 Normal procedures

If the connectedName invoke APDU has been received in the CONNECT message with an element of type NamePresentationAllowed in the argument, the name information including the presentation

indicator shall be delivered to the calling user if able and authorized to receive the connected name information.

If the busyName invoke APDU has been received in the messages that indicates the busy condition. with an element of type NamePresentationAllowed in the argument, the name information including the presentation indicator may be delivered to the calling user if able and authorized to receive the connected name information.

If the calledName invoke APDU has been received in the ALERTING message with an element of type NamePresentationAllowed in the argument, the name information including the presentation indicator may be delivered to the calling user if able and authorized to receive the connected name information.

If the connectedName invoke APDU has been received in the CONNECT message with an element of type NamePresentationRestricted in the argument, no name information other than the presentation indicator shall be delivered to the calling user, unless the calling user has an override capability.

If the busyName invoke APDU has been received in the messages that indicates the busy condition with an element of type NamePresentationRestricted in the argument, no name information other than the presentation indicator may be delivered to the calling user, unless the calling user has an override capability.

If the calledName invoke APDU has been received in the ALERTING message with an element of type NamePresentationRestricted in the argument, no name information other than the presentation indicator may be delivered to the calling user, unless the calling user has an override capability.

If either the connectedName invoke APDU has not been received in the CONNECT message or the connectedName invoke APDU has been received in the CONNECT message with an element of type NameNotAvailable in the argument, no name information other than the presentation indicator "name not available" shall be delivered to the calling user.

If either calledName invoke APDU has not been received in the ALERTING message or the calledName invoke APDU has been received in the ALERTING message with an element of type NameNotAvailable in the argument, only the presentation indicator "name not available" may be delivered to the calling user.

If either the busyName invoke APDU has not been received in the messages that indicates the busy condition or the busyName invoke APDU has been received in the DISCONNECT message with an element of type NameNotAvailable in the argument, only the presentation indicator "name not available" may be delivered to the calling user.

#### 8.4.2.2 Exceptional procedures

Not applicable.

#### 8.4.3 Actions at a Transit PINX

No special actions are required in support of SS-CONP.

## 8.5 SS-CONP Impact of Interworking with Public ISDNs or with Non-ISDNs

#### 8.5.1 Actions at the Outgoing Gateway PINX

On outgoing calls to another network, if the other network provides the name of the user who has answered the call and the name of the alerted user or the name of the user who cannot be reached, it shall be sent to the Originating PINX as specified in 8.4.1 (the Outgoing Gateway PINX thereby acting as a Terminating PINX).

If the other network does not provide the name information of the user who has answered the call, of the alerted user, or of the user who cannot be reached, but provides an indication that the name is restricted, the Outgoing Gateway PINX shall include the appropriate name invoke APDU (connectedName, calledName or busyName) in the appropriate call control message sent to the Originating PINX. Within the argument, choice namePresentationRestrictedNull of type NamePresentationRestricted shall be chosen for the element of type Name.

If the number of characters in the connected/called/busy party name exceeds 50, the PINX shall truncate the excess characters.

#### 8.5.2 Actions at the Incoming Gateway PINX

On calls incoming from another network, the PISN shall deliver the name of the user who has answered the call and the name of the alerted user or the name of the user who cannot be reached, to the other network as specified in 8.4.2 (The Incoming Gateway PINX thereby acting as an Originating PINX), if this network supports an equivalent supplementary service.

## 8.6 Protocol Interaction between SS-CONP and other supplementary service and ANFs

This clause specifies protocol interactions with other supplementary services and ANFs for which stage 3 standards had been published at the time of publication of this Standard. For interactions with supplementary services and ANFs for which stage 3 standards are published subsequent to the publication of this Standard, see those other stage 3 standards.

#### NOTE 1

Simultaneous conveyance of APDUs for SS-CONP and another supplementary service of or ANF in the same message, each in accordance with the requirements of its respective stage 3 standards, does not, on its own, constitute a protocol interaction.

#### NOTE 2

Additional interactions that have no impact on the signalling protocol at the Q reference point can be found in the reverent stage 1 specification.

## 8.6.1 Calling Name Identification Presentation (SS-CNIP)

No protocol interaction.

#### 8.6.2 Completion of Calls to Busy Subscribers (SS-CCBS)

No protocol interaction.

#### 8.6.3 Completion of Calls on No Reply (SS-CCNR)

No protocol interaction.

#### 8.6.4 Call Transfer (SS-CT)

Protocol interactions are specified in ECMA-178.

#### 8.6.5 Call Forwarding Unconditional (SS-CFU)

Protocol interactions are specified in ECMA-174.

#### 8.6.6 Call Forwarding Busy (SS-CFB)

Protocol interactions are specified in ECMA-174.

#### 8.6.7 Call Forwarding No Reply (SS-CFNR)

Protocol interactions are specified in ECMA-174.

### 8.6.8 Call Deflection (SS-CD)

The protocol interactions with Call Deflection Immediate shall be as specified in 7.6.5 for interaction with SS-CFU.

The protocol interactions with Call Deflection from Alert shall be as specified in 7.6.7 for interaction with SS-CFNR.

#### 8.6.9 Path Replacement (ANF-PR)

No protocol interaction.

## Annex A (normative)

## Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma

#### A.1 Introduction

The supplier of a protocol implementation which is claimed to conform to this Standard shall complete the Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma in A.3.

A completed PICS proforma is the PICS for the implementation in question. The PICS is a statement of which capabilities and options of the protocol have been implemented. The PICS can have a number of uses, including use:

- by a protocol implementor, as a check list to reduce the risk of failure to conform to the standard through oversight;
- by the supplier and acquirer (or potential acquirer) of the implementation, as a detailed indication of the capabilities of the implementation, stated relative to the common basis for understanding provided by the standard PICS proforma;
- by user (or potential user) of the implementation, as a basis for initially checking the possibility of interworking with another implementation (note that, while interworking cannot be guaranteed, failure to interwork can often be predicted from incompatible PICS);
- by a protocol tester, as the basis for selecting appropriate tests against which to assess the claim for conformance of the implementation.

### A.2 Instructions for completing the PICS proforma

### A.2.1 General structure of the PICS proforma

The PICS proforma is a fixed format questionnaire divided into subclauses each containing a group of individual items. Each item is identified by an item number, the name of the item (question to be answered) and the reference(s) to the clause(s) that specifies (specify) the item in the main body of this Standard.

The "Status" column indicates whether an item is applicable and if so whether support is mandatory or optional. The following terms are used:

m	mandatory (the capability is required for conformance to the protocol);	
0	optional (the capability is not required for conformance to the protocol, but if the capability is implemented, it is required to conform to the protocol specifications);	
o. <n></n>	optional, but support of at least one of the group of options labelled by the same numeral <n> is required;</n>	
X	prohibited;	
c. <cond></cond>	conditional requirement, depending on support for the item or items listed in condition	

c. veolute conditional requirement, depending on support for the field of fields fisted in condition conde;
citation and conditional requirement, the condition being mandatons if item number citations in

<item>:m simple conditional requirement, the capability being mandatory if item number <item> is supported, otherwise not applicable;

<item>:0 simple conditional requirement, the capability being optional if item number <item> is supported, otherwise not applicable.

Answers to the questionnaire items are to be provided either in the "Support" column, by simply marking an answer to indicate a restricted choice (Yes or No) or in the "Not Applicable" column (N/A).

#### A.2.2 Additional Information

Items of Additional Information allow a supplier to provide further information intended to assist the interpretation of the PICS. It is not intended or expected that a large quantity will be supplied, and a PICS can be considered complete without any such information. Examples might be an outline of the ways in which a (single) implementation can be set up to operate in a variety of environments and configurations.

References to items of Additional Information may be entered next to any answer in the questionnaire, and may be included in items of Exception information.

#### A.2.3 Exception Information

It may occasionally happen that a supplier will wish to answer an item with mandatory or prohibited status (after any conditions have been applied) in a way that conflicts with the indicated requirements. No preprinted answer will be found in the Support column for this. Instead, the supplier is required to write into the Support column an x.<i> reference to an item of Exception Information, and to provide the appropriate rationale in the Exception item itself.

An implementation for which an Exception item is required in this way does not conform to this Standard. A possible reason for the situation described above is that a defect in the Standard has been reported, a correction for which is expected to change the requirement not met by the implementation.

## A.3 PICS proforma for ECMA-164

## A.3.1 Implementation identification

Supplier	
Contact point for queries about the PICS	
Implementation Name(s) and Version(s)	
Other information necessary for full identification, e.g. name(s) and version(s) for machines and/or operating systems; system name(s).	

Only the first three items are required for all implementations; other information may be completed as appropriate in meeting the requirement for full identification.

The terms Name and Version should be interpreted appropriately to correspond with a supplier's terminology (e.g. Type, Series, Model).

## A.3.2 Protocol Summary

Protocol Version	1.0
Addenda Implemented	
(if applicable)	
Amendments implemented	
Have any exception items been	No[] Yes[]
required (see A.2.3)?	
	(The answer Yes means that the implementation does not conform to this Standard.)
Date of Statement	

## A.3.3 Supplementary Services

Item	Name of Item	Reference	Status	N/A	Support
A1	Support of SS-CNIP	7	0.1		Yes [ ] No [ ]
A2	Support of SS-CONP	8	0.1		Yes [ ] No [ ]

## A.3.4 Procedures for SS-CNIP

Item	Name of Item	Reference	Status	N/A	Support
B1	Procedures at the Originating PINX	7.4.1	A1:o.2		Yes [ ] No [ ]
B2	Procedures at the Terminating PINX	7.4.2	A1:o.2		Yes [ ] No [ ]
В3	Procedures at the Incoming Gateway PINX	7.5.1	A1:o.2		Yes [ ] No [ ]
B4	Procedures at the Outgoing Gateway PINX	7.5.2	A1:o.2		Yes [ ] No [ ]
B5	Encoding of the callingName APDU	6	A1:m		Yes [ ]
В6	Sending of the callingName APDU in SETUP	6, 7.4.1	c.1	[]	Yes [ ]
В7	Receipt of callingName APDU in SETUP	6, 7.4.2	c.2	[]	Yes [ ]
В8	Sending of character set number	6.1	c.3	[]	Yes [ ] No [ ]
В9	Sending of callingName APDU in FACILITY	7.5.1	В3: о	[]	Yes [ ] No [ ]
B10	Receipt of callingName APDU in FACILITY	7.4.2	B2: o	[]	Yes [ ] No [ ]

c.1: if B1 or B3 then m else N/A

c.2 if B2 or B4 then m else N/A

c.3 if B1 or B3 then o else N/A

## A.3.5 Procedures for SS-CONP

Item	Name of Item	Reference	Status	N/A	Support
C1	Procedures at the Terminating PINX	8.4.1	A2:o.3		Yes [ ] No [ ]
C2	Procedures at the Originating PINX	8.4.2	A2:o.3		Yes [ ] No [ ]
C3	Procedures at the Outgoing Gateway PINX	8.5.1	A2:o.3		Yes [ ] No [ ]
C4	Procedures at the Incoming Gateway PINX	8.5.2	A2:o.3		Yes [ ] No [ ]
C5	Encoding of connectedName APDU	6	A2:m		Yes [ ]
C6	Encoding of busyName APDU	6	A2:0		Yes [ ] No [ ]
C7	Encoding of calledName APDU	6	A2:0		Yes [ ] No [ ]
C8	Sending of connectedName APDU in CONNECT	6, 8.4.1	c.1	[]	Yes [ ]
С9	Receipt of connectedName APDU in CONNECT	6, 8.4.2	c.2	[]	Yes [ ]
C10	Sending of busyName APDU in DISCONNECT	6, 8.4.1	c.3	[]	Yes [ ] No [ ]
C11	Receipt of busyName APDU in DISCONNECT	6, 8.4.2	c.4	[]	Yes [ ] No [ ]
C12	Sending of calledName APDU in ALERTING	6, 8.4.1	c.3	[]	Yes [ ] No [ ]
C13	Receipt of calledName APDU in ALERTING	6, 8.4.3	c.4	[]	Yes [ ] No [ ]
C14	Sending of character set number	6.1	c.3	[]	Yes [ ] No [ ]

c.1: if C1 or C3 then m else N/A

c.2: if C2 or C4 then m else N/A

c3: if C1 or C3 then o else N/A

c4: if C2 or C4 then o else N/A

## Annex B (informative)

## Specification and Description Language (SDL) Representation

The diagrams in this annex use the Specification and Description Language defined in ITU-T Rec. Z.100 (1999).

Each diagram represents the behavior of an SS-CNIP or SS-CONP Supplementary Service Control entity at a particular type of PINX. In accordance with the protocol model described in CD 11582, the Supplementary Service Control entity uses, via the Coordination Function, the services of Generic Functional Procedures Control and Basic Call Control.

Where an output symbol represents a primitive to the Coordination Function, and that primitive results in a layer 3 message being sent, the output bears the name of the message and any remote operations APDU(s) or notification(s) contained in that message. In case of a message specified in DIS 11572, basic call actions associated with the sending of that message are deemed to occur.

## **B.1** SDL Representation of SS-CNIP

Figure B.1 shows the behavior of an SS-CNIP Supplementary Service Control entity within the Originating PINX. Figure B.2 shows the behavior of an SS-CNIP Supplementary Service Control entity within the Terminating PINX.

In figure B.1 output signals to the right represent messages sent via the outgoing side protocol control and input signals from the left represent primitives from the SSCE user.

In figure B.2 output signals to the right represent primitives to the SSCE user and input signals from the left represent messages received via the incoming side protocol control.

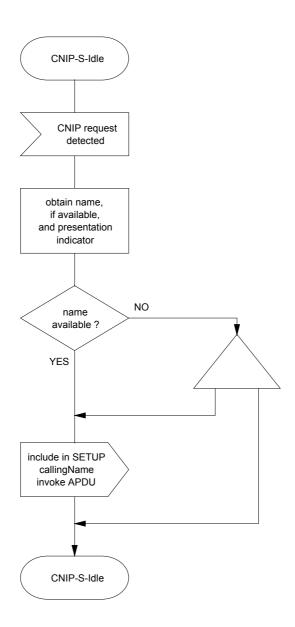


Figure B.1 - SDL Representation of SS-CNIP at the Originating PINX

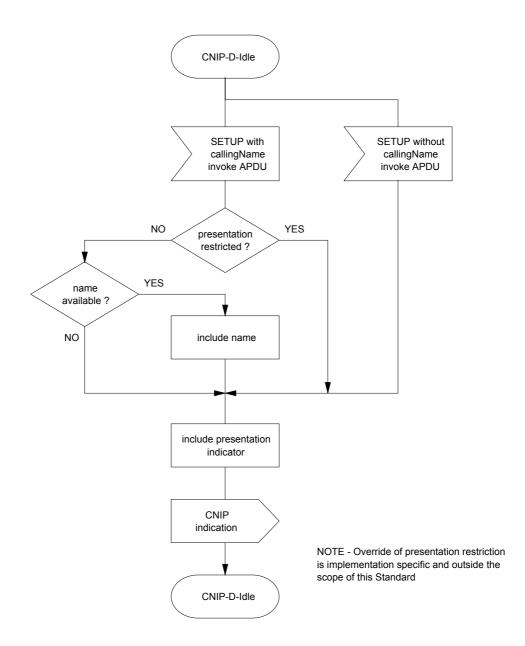


Figure B.2 - SDL Representation of SS-CNIP at the Terminating PINX

## **B.2** SDL Representation of SS-CONP

Figure B.3 shows the behavior of an SS-CONP Supplementary Service Control entity within the Terminating PINX. Figure B.4 shows the behavior of an SS-CNIP Supplementary Service Control entity within the Originating PINX.

In figure B.3 output signals to the left represent messages sent via the incoming side protocol control and input signals from the right represent primitives from the SSCE user.

In figure B.4 output signals to the left represent primitives to the SSCE user and input signals from the right represent messages received via the outgoing side protocol control.

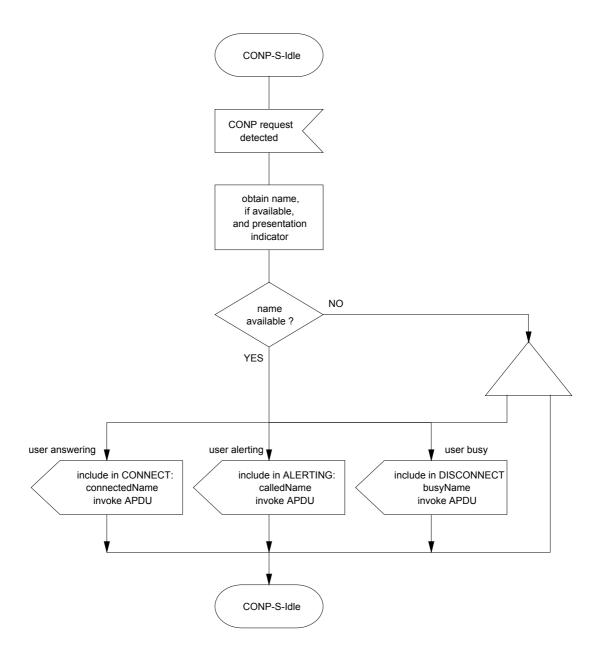


Figure B.3 - SDL Representation of SS-CONP at the Terminating PINX

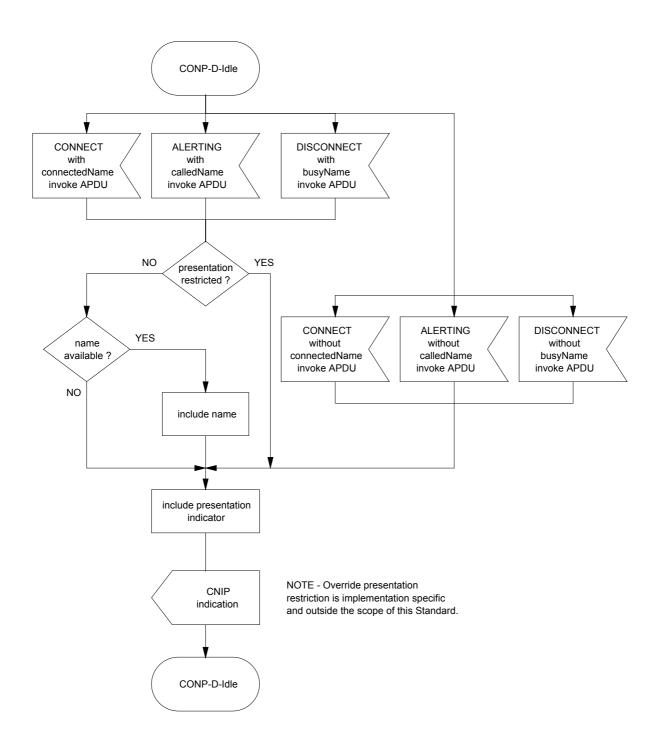


Figure B.4 - SDL Representation of SS-CONP at the Originating PINX

## Annex C (normative)

## ASN.1 definitions according to ITU-T Recs. X.208 / X.209

This annex lists all ASN.1 modules as they were defined in the third edition of ECMA-164, i.e. based on ITU-T Recommendations X.208 / X.209. Starting with the fourth edition the ASN.1 modules within ECMA-164 comply with ITU-T Recommendations X.680 / X.690. Please note that regardless of which version of these modules is used as a base of a QSIG implementation, the line encoding remains unchanged. Changes in future editions to modules based on X.680 / X.690 ASN.1 are not reflected in the modules in this annex.

Table C.1 - Name-Operations - based on ITU-T Recs. X.208 / X.209

```
Name-Operations
                            { iso (1) standard (0) pss1-name (13868) name-operations(0) }
DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
EXPORTS
              Name, NameSet;
IMPORTS
       OPERATION, ERROR FROM
                                           Remote-Operation-Notation
                                          joint-iso-ccitt(2) remote-operations(4)
                                           notation(0)
                                           Manufacturer-specific-service-extension-definition
       Extension
                             FROM
                                           iso standard
                                           pss1-generic-procedures (11582)
                                          msi-definition (0)
                                          };
       CallingName ::= OPERATION
                     ARGUMENT CHOICE
                                          Name, SEQUENCE {Name, CHOICE {
                                   {
                                           [5] IMPLICIT Extension,
                                           [6] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Extension } OPTIONAL }}
       CalledName ::= OPERATION
                     ARGUMENT CHOICE
                                          Name, SEQUENCE {Name, CHOICE {
                                           [5] IMPLICIT Extension,
                                           [6] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Extension } OPTIONAL }}
```

Table C.1 - Name-Operations - based on ITU-T Recs. X.208 / X.209 (continued)

```
ConnectedName ::=
                      OPERATION
                      ARGUMENT CHOICE
                                     Name, SEQUENCE {Name, CHOICE {
                             {
                                     [5] IMPLICIT Extension,
                                     [6] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Extension } OPTIONAL }}
BusyName ::=
                      OPERATION
                      ARGUMENT CHOICE
                                     Name, SEQUENCE (Name, CHOICE (
                             {
                                     [5] IMPLICIT Extension,
                                     [6] IMPLICIT SEQUENCE OF Extension } OPTIONAL }}
Name
                      ::= CHOICE
                                     NamePresentationAllowed,
                                     NamePresentationRestricted,
                                     NameNotAvailable }
NamePresentationAllowed
                      ::= CHOICE
                                     namePresentationAllowedSimple [0] IMPLICIT NameData,
                                     namePresentationAllowedExtended [1] IMPLICIT NameSet }
                             -- iso8859-1 is implied in namePresentationAllowedSimple.
NamePresentationRestricted
                      ::= CHOICE
                                     namePresentationRestrictedSimple [2] IMPLICIT NameData,
                             {
                                     namePresentationRestrictedExtended [3] IMPLICIT NameSet,
                                     namePresentationRestrictedNull [7] IMPLICIT NULL}
                             -- iso8859-1 is implied in namePresentationRestrictedSimple.
                             -- namePresentationRestrictedNull shall only be used in the
                             -- case of interworking where the other network provides an
                             -- indication that the name is restricted without the name itself.
NameNotAvailable
                      ::= [4] IMPLICIT NULL
NameData
                      ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..50))
                             -- The maximum allowed size of the name field is 50 octets.
                             -- The minimum required size of the name field is 1 octet.
NameSet
                      ::= SEQUENCE
                                                    NameData.
                                     nameData
                             {
                                                   CharacterSet OPTIONAL }
                                     characterSet
                             -- If characterSet is not included, iso8859-1 is implied.
```

Table C.1 - Name-Operations - based on ITU-T Recs. X.208 / X.209 (concluded)

```
CharacterSet ::= INTEGER
                                unknown (0),
                                iso8859-1 (1),
                                -- The value 2 was assigned for CCITT Rec. T.61
                                -- which has been withdrawn by ITU-T.
                                iso8859-2 (3),
                                iso8859-3 (4),
                                iso8859-4 (5),
                                iso8859-5 (6),
                                iso8859-7 (7),
                                iso10646-BmpString (8),
                                iso10646-utf-8String (9)
                                } (0..255)
                                -- The character set "iso8859-1" is specified in International
                                -- Standard ISO 8859-1
                                -- The character set "iso8859-2" is specified in International
                                -- Standard ISO 8859-2
                                -- The character set "iso8859-3" is specified in International
                                -- Standard ISO 8859-3
                                -- The character set "iso8859-4" is specified in International
                                -- Standard ISO 8859-4
                                --The character set "iso8859-5" is specified in International
                                -- Standard ISO 8859-5
                                -- The character set "iso8859-7" is specified in International
                                -- Standard ISO 8859-7
                                -- Other character sets might be added in further editions of
                                -- this Standard
                                -- The character set "iso10646-BmpString" is specified in International
                                -- Standard ISO 10646-1 and in ITU-T Rec. X.680
                                -- with this character set, each character occupies 2 octets
                                -- in NameData
                                -- The character set "iso10646-utf-8String" is specified in International
                                -- Standard ISO 10646-1
                                -- UTF-8-String is defined in Annex R of ISO 10646-1
                                -- with this character set, each character occupies a variable
                                -- number of octets (1...6) in NameData
callingName
                        CallingName
                                                ::= localValue 0
calledName
                        CalledName
                                                ::= localValue 1
connectedName
                        ConnectedName
                                                ::= localValue 2
busyName
                        BusyName
                                                ::= localValue 3
END
                        -- of name operations
```

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